*For best printing results please use Chrome or IE. Owner's Copy

PennHIP Report

Referring Veterinarian: Dr Jason Beck

Clinic Name: Queensland Veterinary

Specialists - Northlakes

Email: northlakes@qldvetspecialists.com.au

Clinic Address: 53 Finders Parade

Northlakes 4509

Phone: 6 (173) 384-2222 Fax:6 (173) 384-2244

Patient Information

Client: CAREER DOGS', AUSTRALIA

Patient Name: SIOUX

Reg. Name: CAREER DOGS' STONEY SIOUX

PennHIP Num: 109567 Species: Canine

Date of Birth: 15 Jul 2016

Sex: Female

Date of Study: 18 Jul 2017

Date of Report: 21 Jul 2017

Tattoo Num:

Patient ID: 92679

Registration Num:

Microchip Num: 900079000175364 Breed: LABRADOR RETRIEVER

Age: 12 months

Weight: 61.1 lbs/27.7 kgs Date Submitted: 18 Jul 2017

Distraction Index (DI): Right DI = 0.32, Left DI = 0.32.

Osteoarthritis (OA): No radiographic evidence of OA for either hip.

Cavitation/Other Findings: None.

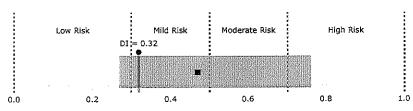
Interpretation

Distraction Index (DI): The laxity ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (larger DI). In this case the DI used is

OA Risk Category: The DI is between 0.31 and 0.49. This patient is at mild risk for hip OA.

Distraction Index Chart:

LABRADOR RETRIEVER



Distraction Index

Breed Statistics: This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 30533 canine patients of the LABRADOR RETRIEVER breed in the AIS PennHIP database. The gray strip represents the central 90% range of DIs (0.27 - 0.76) for the breed. The breed average DI is 0.47 (solid square). The patient DI is the solid circle (0.32).

Summary: The degree of laxity (DI = 0.32) falls within the central 90% range of DIs for the breed. This amount of hip laxity places the hip at a mild risk to develop hip OA. No radiographic evidence of OA for either hip.

Interpretation and Recommendations: No OA/Mild Risk: Low risk to develop radiographic evidence of hip OA early in life, however OA may manifest after 6 years of age or later. Risk of OA increases as DI, age, body weight, and activity level increase. OA susceptibility is breed specific, larger breeds being more susceptible. Recommendations: Evidence-based strategies to lower the risk of dogs developing hip OA or to treat those having OA fall into 5 modalities.* For detailed

- information, consult these documents.* Use any or all of these modalities as needed:

 1) For acute or chronic pain prescribe NSAID PO short or long term. Amantadine can be added if response is marginal or if a neuropathic component to the pain is suspected.
- 2) Optimize body weight, keep lean, at BCS = 5/9.
- 3) Prescribe therapeutic exercise at intensities that do not precipitate lameness.
- 4) Administer polysulfated glycosaminoglycans IM or 5Q, so-called DMOAD.
- 5) Feed an EPA-rich prescription diet preventatively for dogs at risk for OA or therapeutically for dogs already showing radiographic signs of OA.

At the present time there is inadequate evidence to confidently recommend any of the many other remedies to prevent or treat OA. Studies are in progress. Consider repeating radiographs at periodic intervals to determine the rate of OA progression and adjust treatment accordingly. Older dogs may show clinical signs such as chronic pain, reluctance to go stairs or jump onto the bed, and stiffness particularly after resting. It is unlikely that end-stage hip disease will develop for dogs at this risk level so surgical therapy for the pain of hip OA would rarely be indicated. Breeding Recommendations: Please consult the PennHIP Manual.

* From WSAVA Global Pain Council Guidelines and the 2015 AAHA/AAFP Pain Management Guidelines



ETERINARY CARDIAC SERVICES

NEW ZEALAND AUSTRALIA

Certificate of Echocardiography

This is to certify that I, Dr Geoff Nicolson BVSc (Hons I) MVETSTUD Dipl. ECVIM-CA (Cardiology), a qualified Specialist Veterinary Cardiologist, have today \(\frac{19-6-1\}{6} \) examined the following animal for evidence of cardiac disease:

Animal name: "SIOUX" ~ CAREER DOGS STONEY STOUX
Age/DOB: 15/07/16 Sex: F Breed: (ABRADOR RETRIEVER) Colour: BUACK Reg no: N/A Microchip no: 900 079 000 175 369 Owner: CAREER DOGS' HUSTRIALIA
Colour: <u>BLACK</u> Reg no: <u>N/A</u> Microchip no: <u>900 079 000 175 364</u>
Owner: CAREER DOGS' AUSTRALIA
Address: POBOX 620, NORTH LAKES, QUEENSLAND 4509
Echocardiographic Examination (cardiologist to complete)
Findings:
LVIDd 45mm LVIDs 31mm FS% 31
IVSd 8mm LVFWd 8mm LA:Ao 1.4 (norm. < 1.6)
Aortic velocity
MR velocity m/s (norm. 5-6m/s) TR velocity m/s (norm. <3.0m/s)
Certification Statement (cardiologist to complete)
1) The above animal has no educardiographic evidence of Cardiac disease
1) The above animal has no echocardiographic evidence of cardiac disease 2) The above animal has echocardiographic changes, which I consider to be of no significance with regards to breeding 3) The above animal has an echocardiographic abnormality, which I consider makes it unsuitable for breeding
purposes
Dr Geoff Nicolson BVSc (Hons I) MVETSTUD Dipl. ECVIM-CA (Cardiology)

Specialist Veterinary Cardiologist



Brisbane Veterinary Specialist Centre

Animal Name: Sioux

A Division of Straw Veterinary Support Pty Ltd

OPHTHALMIC EXAMINATION FORM

Owner: Lauren Elgie Microchip No: 900079000175364 Address: PO Box 620 North Lakes QLD 4509 Birthdate: 15/7/16 ANIMAL: Species: dog Breed: Labrador Sex: F Coat: colour/type: Black PREVIOUS EXAMINATION: Not prev examined \(\Box \) Not affected \(\Box \) Undetermined \(\Box \) Affected Date of previous examination: 6 / 7/ EXAMINATION TECHNIQUE:

Direct ophthalmoscopy Indirect ophthalmoscopy Biomicroscopy Other MYDRIATIC: Yes No FUNDUS OTHER LENS CORNEA **IRIS** REGIONS EXAMINED: LIDS Not affected Undetermined/suspicious Affected Right Left Left Right Left Right Eyelids Cornea Lens **Fundus** INHERITED DISEASE: Yes NO Suspicious Date of examination: 6,7,17

Should be re-examined: ___Months ___Yearly SIGNED

LAVELLE'S DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING

RB LAVELLE MA Vet MB MRCVS DVR FANZCVS FAVA

ABN755 75202799

Canine Hip & Elbow Dysplasia Evaluation Report

Pet Name:

Identification No:

900 079 000 175 364

CAREER DOGS' STONEY SIOUX

KC Name:

KC Reg No:

Date Radiograph taken: 18.07.2017			Breed:	Breed: Labrador Retriever		
Sex: Female			DOB: 15.07.2016			
Name of Owner:	Career Dog		Address: PO Box 620			
			Northlakes 4509			
			Email:	info@careerdog.com.au		
			northlakes@qldveterinaryspecialists.com.au			
Sire: Guidinglight Aztec			Dam: Career Dogs' Petaluma Emma			
which will be publis	hed. Please check	that the pa	rticulars al	for the purposes of statistical rebove are correct and relate to th Queensland Veterinary Specialis	ie dog	
Signature of owner	:					
the results. Telepho	one (03) 5429 1682 isfactory		. Lancefield	d, Victoria, 3435 if you object to	the use of	
Positioning: Sat	isfactory					
HIP JOINT						
		RIGHT	LEFT	COMMENT		
Norberg angle		1	2	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation		1 1	2	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular		1 1 1	2 3 1	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e	dge	1 1 1 0	2 3 1 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace	dge	1 1 1 0 0	2 3 1 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e	dge	1 1 1 0	2 3 1 0 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace	dge etabular rim	1 1 1 0 0	2 3 1 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 1 0 0	2 3 1 0 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 1 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0	COMMENT		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0 0	Total Score:	9	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106)	9	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106) Breed average cumulative:	12.13	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor TOTAL	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106)		
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106) Breed average cumulative:	12.13	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor TOTAL	dge etabular rim edge exostosis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106) Breed average cumulative:	12.13	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor TOTAL Comment: Elbow Grade:	dge etabular rim edge exostosis ntouring	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106) Breed average cumulative: Post 2005 to present:	12.13	
Norberg angle Subluxation Cranial acetabular e Dorsal acetabular e Cranial effective ace Acetabular fossa Caudal acetabular e Femoral head/neck Femoral head recor TOTAL Comment:	dge etabular rim edge exostosis ntouring	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 Left:	2 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Score: (maximum score 106) Breed average cumulative: Post 2005 to present: <0.5mm	12.13	

GENETIC ANALYSIS SUMMARY REPORT

OWNER'S DETAILS

Lauren Elgie 35 WALLAROO CIRCUIT NORTH LAKES BRISBANE

Queensland 4509 AU

e labresults@orivet.com p +61 9534 1544

Genetic Pet Care

www.orivet.com

ANIMAL'S DETAILS

Registered Name: CAREER DOGS' STONEY SIOUX

Registration Number:

Microchip Number: 900079000175364

Date of Birth: 15/7/2016

Pet Name: SIOUX

Breed: Labrador Retriever
Sex: Intact Female

Colour: BLACK

COLLECTION DETAILS

Case Number: 17079676 **Date of Test:** 18/08/2017

Approved Collection Method: NO (Collected by Owner) Collected By:

Sample with Lab ID Number 17079676 was received at Orivet Genetics, DNA was extracted and analysed with the following

result reported:

DISEASES REPORTED RESULT 1

Urogenital - Associated with the Urinary and Genital Tracts

CANINE HYPERURICOSURIA

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

CYSTINURIA

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

Neurologic - Associated with the Brain, Spinal and Nerves

CENTRONUCLEAR MYOPATHY
DEGENERATIVE MYELOPATHY
EXERCISE INDUCED COLLAPSE
NARCOLEPSY (LABRADOR)

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]
NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]
NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME (LABRADOR)

COPPER TOXICOSIS (ATP7B & ATP7A)

MALIGNANT HYPERTHERMIA

PYRUVATE KINASE DEFICIENCY (CANINE)

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

Dermatologic - Associated with Skin

DRY NOSE (HEREDITARY NASAL PARAKERATOSIS)

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

Haemolymphatic - Associated with the Circulatory System

ELLIPTOCYTOSIS (B-SPECTRIN) NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

Musculoskeletal - Associated with Bones and Muscles

MYOTUBULAR MYOPATHY X-LINKED NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]
SKELETAL DYSPLASIA 2 NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

Ophthalmologic - Associated with the Eyes

OCULAR SKELETAL DYSPLASIA

PROGRESSIVE ROD CONE DEGENERATION (PRCD) - PRA

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

NEGATIVE / CLEAR [NO VARIANT DETECTED]

¹ - Please note this is a summary report. To view more details on each test including clarfication of the type of test and result please view the single detailed report.



RESULTS REVIEWED AND CONFIRMED BY:

Dr. Noam Pik BVSc, BMVS, MBA, MACVS

George Sofronidis BSc (Hons)

and



GENETIC ANALYSIS SUMMARY REPORT

OWNER'S DETAILS

Lauren Elgie 35 WALLAROO CIRCUIT NORTH LAKES **BRISBANE** Queensland 4509 AU

e labresults@orivet.com p +61 9534 1544

Genetic Pet Care

www.orivet.com

18/08/2017

Pet Name: SIOUX

Breed: Labrador Retriever

Sex: Intact Female

Colour: **BLACK**

Date of Test:

Collected By:

ANIMAL'S DETAILS

Registered Name:

CAREER DOGS' STONEY SIOUX

Registration Number:

Microchip Number: 900079000175364

Date of Birth: 15/7/2016

COLLECTION DETAILS

Case Number: 17079676

Approved Collection Method: NO (Collected by Owner)

RESULT

Trait - Associated with Phenotype

A LOCUS (FAWN/SABLE;TRI/TAN POINTS) B LOCUS TYRP1 (BROWN/LIVER/CHOCOLATE)

D (DILUTE) LOCUS

E LOCUS - (CREAM/RED/YELLOW) K LOCUS (DOMINANT BLACK)

LONG HAIR GENE (CANINE)

TRAITS REPORTED

at/a - TRI COLOUR / TAN POINTS (CARRYING BICOLOUR GENE)

BB - DOES NOT CARRY BROWN or CHOCOLATE

DD - NO COPY OF MLPH-D ALLELE (DILUTE) - PIGMENT IS NORMAL Ee - CARRIES EXTENSION (YELLOW/WHITE/APRICOT/RUBY/RED)

K/kbr or k or kn - ONE COPY DOMINANT BLACK and ONE COPY NON BLACK

NORMAL - NOT SHOWING THE PHENOTYPE



RESULTS REVIEWED AND CONFIRMED BY:

Dr. Noam Pik BVSc, BMVS, MBA, MACVS

George Sofronidis BSc (Hons)

EXPLANATION of RESULT TERMINOLOGY

The terms below are provided to help clarify certain results phrases on your genetic report. The phrases below are those as reported by Orivet and may vary from one laboratory to the other.

NORMAL/CLEAR/NEGATIVE - NO VARIANT DETECTED

No presence of the variant (mutation) has been detected. The animal is clear of the disease and will not pass on any disease-causing mutation.

CARRIER - ONE COPY OF THE VARIANT DETECTED

This is also referred to as HETEROZYGOUS. One copy of the normal gene and copy of the affected (mutant) gene has been detected. The animal will not exhibit disease symptoms or develop the disease. Consideration needs to be taken if breeding this animal - if breeding with another carrier or affected or unknown then it may produce an affected offspring.

AFFECTED/POSITIVE FOR THE VARIANT

Two copies of the disease gene variant (mutation) have been detected also referred to as HOMOZYGOUS for the variant. The animal may show symptoms (affected) associated with the disease. Appropriate treatment should be pursued by consulting a Veterinarian.

POSITIVE/AFFECTED - HETEROZYGOUS ONE COPY (AUTOSOMAL DOM)

Also referred to as POSITIVE ONE COPY or POSITIVE HETEROZYGOUS. This result is associated with a disease that has a dominant mode of inheritance. One copy of the normal gene (wild type) and affected (mutant) gene is present. Appropriate treatment should be pursued by consulting a Veterinarian. This result can still be used to produce a clear offspring.

POSITIVE/AFFECTED - HOMOZYGOUS TWO COPIES (AUTOSOMAL DOM)

Also referred to as POSITIVE HOMOZYGOUS. Two copies of the disease gene variant (mutant) have been detected and the animal may show symptoms associated with the disease. Please Note: This disease has dominant mode of inheritance so if mated to a clear animal ALL offspring with be AFFECTED – HETEROZYGOUS ONE COPY.

NORMAL BY PARENTAGE HISTORY

The sample submitted has had its parentage verified by DNA. By interrogating the DNA profiles of the Dam, Sire and Offspring this information together with the history submitted for the parents excludes this animal from having this disease. The controls run confirm that the dog is NORMAL for the disease requested.

NORMAL BY PEDIGREE

The sample submitted has had its parentage verified by Pedigree. The pedigree has been provided and details (genetic testing reports) of the parents have been included. Parentage could not be determined via DNA profile as no sample was submitted.

NO RESULTS AVAILABLE

Insufficient information has been provided to provide a result for this test. Sire and Dam information and/or sample may be required. This result is mostly associated with tests that have a patent/license and therefore certain restrictions apply. Please contact the laboratory to discuss.

INDETERMINABLE

The sample submitted has failed to give a conclusive result. This result is mainly due to the sample failing to "cluster" or result in the current grouping. This will be repeated and looked at manually; if a result cannot be determined, a recollection may be requested.

DNA PROFILE

Also known as a DNA fingerprint. This is unique for the animal. No animal shares the same DNA profile. An individual's DNA profile is inherited from both parents and can be used for verifying parentage (pedigrees). This profile contains no disease or trait information and is simply a unique DNA signature for that animal.

PARENTAGE VERIFICATION

QUALIFIES/CONFIRMED or DOES NOT QUALIFY/EXCLUDED

Parentage is determined by examining the markers on the DNA profile. A result is generated and stated for all DNA parentage requests. Parentage confirmation reports can only be generated if a DNA profile has been carried out for Dam, Offspring and possible Sire/s.

PENDING

Results for this test are still being processed. Some tests are run independently and are reported at a later date. When completed, the result will be emailed.

APPROVED COLLECTION METHOD (YES)

The sample submitted for testing HAS met the requirements recommended by member bodies for the DNA collection process. The animal has been identified via its microchip number (Positive ID) and collected by a Veterinarian or Approved Collection Agent. APPROVED COLLECTION METHOD (NO)

The sample submitted for testing HAS NOT met the requirements recommended by member bodies for the DNA collection process.

TRAIT (PHENOTYPE)

A feature that an animal is born with (a genetically determined characteristic). Traits are a visual phenotype that range from colour to hair length, and also includes certain features such as tail length. If an individual is AFFECTED for a trait then it will show that characteristic eg. AFFECTED for the B (Brown) Locus or bb will be brown/chocolate.

POSITIVE - SHOWING THE PHENOTYPE

The animal is showing the trait or phenotype tested.

CLARIFICATION OF GENETIC TESTING

The goal of genetic testing is to provide breeders with relevant information to improve breeding practices in the interest of animal health. However, genetic inheritance is not a simple process, and may be complicated by several factors. Below is some information to help clarify these factors.

- 1) Some diseases may demonstrate signs of what Geneticists call "genetic heterogeneity". This is a term to describe an apparently single condition that may be caused by more than one mutation and/or gene.
- 2) It is possible that there exists more than one disease that presents in a similar fashion and segregates in a single breed. These conditions although phenotypically similar may be caused by separate mutations and/or genes.
- 3) It is possible that the disease affecting your breed may be what Geneticists call an "oligogenic disease". This is a term to describe the existence of additional genes that may modify the action of a dominant gene associated with a disease. These modifier genes may for example give rise to a variable age of onset for a particular condition, or affect the penetrance of a particular mutation such that some animals may never develop the condition.

The range of hereditary diseases continues to increase and we see some that are relatively benign and others that can cause severe and/or fatal disease. Diagnosis of any disease should be based on pedigree history, clinical signs, history (incidence) of the disease and the specific genetic test for the disease.

Penetrance of a disease will always vary not only from breed to breed but within a breed, and will vary with different diseases. Factors that influence penetrance are genetics, nutrition and environment. Although genetic testing should be a priority for breeders, we strongly recommend that temperament and phenotype also be considered when breeding.

Orivet Genetic Pet Care aims to frequently update breeders with the latest research from the scientific literature. If breeders have any questions regarding a particular condition, please contact us on (03) 9534 1544 or admin@orivet.com and we will be happy to work with you to answer any relevant questions.